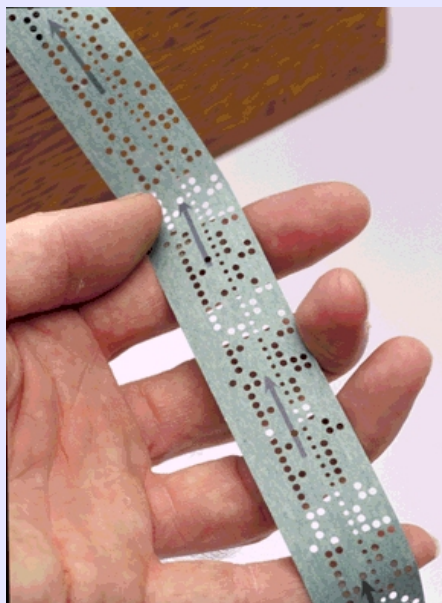


The biggest **MISTAKES** of the antivirus history

# Introduction



**István Csizmazia-Darab**  
**[Rambo]**

<http://antivirus.blog.hu>



1979-1980:	FÜTI, R20/R40 Computer operator
1981-1987:	HUNGAROTON Records Inc., technical assistant, C64
1988-1990:	Volán Tefu Inc., IBM PC-XT, programmer
1990-2000:	ERŐTERV Inc., 286, 386, 486, programmer + network virus admin
2001-2003:	2F Ltd., F-Secure & Kaspersky support + Vírus Híradó editor in chief
2003-2005:	IDG PC World, Online-editor, journalist, technical support
2006-2007:	Virus Buster Ltd., Virus-analyst, Online-editor, journalist
2007-2014:	Sicontact Ltd., IT security specialist, journalist

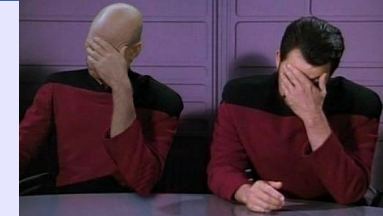


# What will be discussed?

- Where we started?
- Players in the Computer economy (AVz, USERz, BGUYz, DEVELOPz)
- Who made the most crucial mistake?
- Conclusion or something like that







# Where we started?

*"Dwell on the past and you'll lose an eye;  
forget the past and you'll lose both eyes"*

*Alexander Solzhenitsyn: The Gulag Archipelago*

**1986.**

- Ronald Reagan is the President of the USA
- Super Bowl: Chicago d. New England (46-10)
- Wimbledon: Boris Becker d. Ivan Lendl (6-4 6-3 7-5)
- Brain virus (Pakistan): name, address, phone number :-)

```

PC Tools Deluxe 04.22
Disk View/Edit Service
Path=A:
Absolute sector 0000000, System BOOT

Displacement  Hex codes  ASCII value
0000(0000)  FA E9 4A 01 34 12 00 07 14 00 01 00 00 00 00 20  -8J044 0T 0
0016(0010)  20 20 20 20 20 20 57 65 6C 63 6F 6D 65 20 74 6F  Welcome
0032(0020)  20 74 68 65 20 44 75 6E 67 65 6F 6E 20 20 20 20  the
0048(0030)  20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20  Dungeon
0064(0040)  20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
0080(0050)  20 28 63 29 20 31 33 38 36 20 42 61 73 69 74 20
0096(0060)  26 20 41 6D 6A 61 64 20 28 70 76 74 29 20 4C 74  (c) 1986 Basit
0112(0070)  64 2E 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20  & Anjad (pvt) Lt
0128(0080)  20 42 52 41 49 4E 20 43 4F 4D 50 55 54 45 52 20  d.
0144(0090)  53 45 52 56 49 43 45 53 2E 2E 37 33 30 20 4E 49  BRAIN COMPUTER
0160(00A0)  5A 41 4D 20 42 4C 4F 43 4B 20 41 4C 4C 41 4D 41  SERVICES..730 NI
0176(00B0)  20 49 51 42 41 4C 20 54 4F 57 4E 20 20 20 20 20  ZAH BLOK ALLAMA
0192(00C0)  20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20  IQBAL TOWN
0208(00D0)  45 2D 50 41 4B 49 53 54 41 4E 2E 2E 50 48 4F 4E  LAHORE
0224(00E0)  45 2D 3A 34 33 30 37 39 31 2C 34 34 33 32 34 38  E-PAKISTAN..PHON
0240(00F0)  2C 32 38 30 35 33 30 2E 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20  E :430791,443248
,280530.

Home=begin of file/disk  End=end of file/disk
ESC=Exit  PgDn=forward  PgUp=back  F2=chg sector num  F3=edit  F4=get name

```







# Where we started?



*"VIRUSCAN version 0.3V19 can identify 19 major virus strains and numerous sub-varieties for each strain. The 19 viruses include the ten most common viruses which account for over 90% of all reported PC infections."*

III. ÉVFOLYAM 25. SZÁM  
1988. DECEMBER 14.

## MONITOR

9

### Hozzászólás vírusügyben

Több alkalommal tarttak lakástalálkozókat a Mikrovilágban. A találkozókat a vírusokról szóló cikkek hívták. Ezek többnyire külföldi példákra hivatkoztak.

A vírus azonban hazánkat is elérte. Jó nevű felsőoktatási intézményekben több gépe is elfertőződött már. Még belegendolni is rossz, mi történik, ha minden felhasználó továbbadja barátainak, környezetének a veszélyes kórt. Most a vírusok egyik legkellemetlenebb fajtájáról lesz szó. Terjedése igen gyors, és mivel beleír a FAT táblába, teljes adatvesztést okozhat. További kísérőjelenség még, hogy a képernyőkaraktere időnként „lezuhanhatnak” az alsó sorba. Ez azonban csak XT gépen fordul elő. E rövid ismertetővel segítséget szeretnék

F(ind) funkcióját kell meghívni, és a következő hexa-sorozatot keresni: 01 FA 8B EC E8 00 00 5B 81 EB. Először

COUNTRY.S S	COUNTRY.TXT	DEBUG.EXE	EDIT.COM	EXPAND.
FDISK.EXEY	FORMAT. OM	KEYB.COM	KEYBOARD.SYS	MEM.EXEEXE
NETWORKS. X	NLSFUNCC.XE	OS2.TXT	QBASIC.EXE	README.T
SCANDISK. X	SYS.COM.E	XCOPY.EXE	CHOICE.C M	DEFRAG.EXT
DEFRAG.H T	DELOLDOS.E E	DOSHELP.HLP	EGA.CPI.O	EGA2.CPIXE
EGA3.CPI.E T	EMM386.EXE	KEYBRD2.YS	MSCDEX.E E	SCANDISK.INI
ANSI.SYSLP E	APPEND.E E	CHKSTATSSYS	DBLWIN.H	DELTREE.EXE
DISKCOMP. O	DISKCO M	DISPLAY.Y	DOSKEY. X	DRUSPACE EX
DRUSPACE.CL	DRUSPAPYX F	DRUSPACE S	MSD.EXECLP	REPL CE.XEE
STORE.H	HELP.HCE.C	DRIVER.SS S	EDIT.HLPOM	FAST ELPE X
STOPENEXE	FC.EXELP X	FIND.EXE.SYS	GRAPHICS.COM	GR P I S
LP. OM.EX	HIMEM.SY. IO	INTERLNKYE E	I TER UR. XE	L . X
READF X C M	E MAKERS NE	MEMMAKER	M MMA ER N	M C M
FA OU B OM	E.COM.E	MOVE E H	OO L	P . X
HE C 3	DR UE.S S	SE E E	E	S
LO I L 6P	R N.E.E	M H		S
MON M X	O .C M	F X		A
QBASIC.	U B	O 6		H
SMARTDR. I C M	X4,300			A H C .
TREE.CO. M M	Y9 0 4	TUER .	N S	ABEL E .
COMMANDH	ROR X	ARTMXEX	E K .	ODE. O E
C:\DOS>U 8	SAM I T O	INTD.N.	MST LS..	OWER E E
C:\DOS>M.P E	UMA TMAC. M	S NFIG038 L	SHAR .EXDE	IZER.EXEE
C:\DOS>.CEME	ANFORME3.01	Ubytes.UMBLP	SORT.EXEEI	UBST.EXEPRO
C:\DOS>930fi e s)AUTOEX30,84 , 2	Cbytes.freeP	PRINT.EXEL F	UNDELETE.EXE	

02.07.1989

- Pakistani Brain
- Jerusalem
- Alameda
- Cascade (1701)
- Ping Pong
- Stoned
- Lehigh
- Den Zuk
- Datacrime (1280)
- Fu Manchu

# Where we started?

## July 1995

- 240 viruses altogether (2014 >= 200 million uniq samples)
- VIRNET BBS, 300 baud modem
- Let's Nostalgia: Slovakian Antivirus Center - [www.sac.sk](http://www.sac.sk)

```
>>>>> VirusScanList Version: 1.23 - Date : 05-July-95 <<<<<<
```

```
----> OFFICIAL Virus Help The Netherlands Release <-----
```

```
~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~
```

```
...
```

```
233. GVP-HS15.lha          ?  TR! Destroys many dirs and devices!
    HardDiskSpeeder v1.5  1460 PP Karaçiç Trojan
                                1924 UP
234. SCANSYS.LHA           ?  File Deleter!
    scansystem            10720 UP
235. lha170.lha            33323 FK! 1.70 version
236. trsi-mem.lha          3178 biomechanic TR!
    Members.exe           8584 Supposed to be a Schnelltro!
237. LHA 1.62              ?  FK! 1.62 version
238. DMSWB208.LHA          ?  Contains DMS 2.06 TR!
    DmsWb 2.08            45732 UP
239. Bulletin-Trojan      77740 Changes many dirs
240. scansystem.lha        ?  File Deleter! See '234.' also
```

```
~~~~~
```

```
Signed : Jan Hendrik Lots
```

# Players in the Computer economy



I. AV labors and industry



II. Users



III. Bad guys



IV. OS and Application developers

I just realized,  
but I don't care...





Only the virus writers are responsible?



TRUST ME I'M A  
**JEDI**  
MASTER

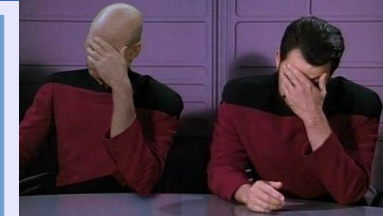


Let's take a tour, which participant made more foolish mistakes!





## I. AV labors and industry



# Unexpected changes to the default values

- 15.07.1994 McAfee VIRUSSCAN.EXE 1.17 version
- Suddenly checks ONLY the „common viruses???” in the memory by default
- We have to notice and manually override this option with „/M” command

QUICK START INSTRUCTIONS FOR McAfee ASSOCIATES PROGRAMS  
Last revised February 15, 1994.  
Copyright 1990-1992 by McAfee Associates.  
All rights reserved.

/M - This option tells VIRUSCAN to check system memory for all known computer viruses that can inhabit memory. SCAN by default only checks memory for critical and "stealth" viruses, which are viruses which can cause catastrophic damage or spread the virus infection during the scanning process. By default, SCAN will check memory for the following viruses:

1024	1253	1530	15xx variant
1963	1971	2153	2560
3040	337	3445-Stealth	4096



## I. AV labors and industry



# The sky is blue, the plagiarist copies

- January 2010: about 50,000 samples/day
- Kaspersky suspects stolen detections
- Uploaded 10 clean samples ("Hello World" with Linux mingw crosscompiler) with fake virusnames to VirusTotal system
- "Trojan-Downloader.Win32.Zlob.bmwy", "Trojan-Spy.Win32.BZub.hrs" and "Trojan.Win32.KillWin.se" were born :-)
- After 10 days 12-14 additional AV vendors „detect” them
- 9 of them with the same name: a-squared, AntiVir, Antiy-AVL, Comodo, Fortinet, Ikarus, McAfee-GW-Edition, TheHacker, VBA32







## I. AV labors and industry



SHA256: 0de6dfa1cc4a89c591a7d9fcbf241e4a25aadce63b187c37a18cf047c9f89772

Fájl neve: 5295d6d366c35594ab8b1ff5d67d8202

Észlelési  
12 / 41



Vírusirtó	Eredmény	Utolsó frissítés
AntiVir	TR/Spy.BZub.hrs	20100129
Antiy-AVL	Trojan/Win32.BZub.gen	20100128
Comodo	TrojWare.Win32.Spy.BZub.hrs	20100130
F-Secure	Suspicious:W32/Riskware!Online	20100129
Fortinet	W32/BZub.HRS!tr	20100130
Ikarus	Trojan-Spy.Win32.BZub	20100130
Kaspersky	Trojan-Spy.Win32.BZub.hrs	20100130
McAfee-GW-Edition	Trojan.Spy.BZub.hrs	20100130
Symantec	Supicious.Insight	20100130
TheHacker	Trojan/Spy.BZub.hrs	20100130
VBA32	Trojan-Spy.Win32.BZub.hrs	20100129
a-squared	Trojan-Spy.Win32.BZub!IK	20100129

- Press conference in Moscow, AMTSO dissociates, the TheRegister criticizes

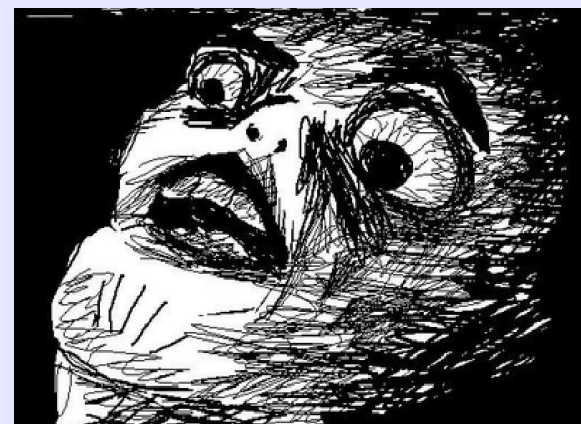


## I. AV labors and industry



# Strange testing conditions

- 08.09.2009: NSS Labs published its review analysis of the Endpoint Security Test
- Strange testing conditions but was not published
- There is no relationship with the manufacturers, therefore they couldn't check and correct the problems
- The conclusions of the test didn't base on the test results
- You can buy the detailed test results for 2000 USD
- Unorthodox method ;-) You can determine the test methodology for 5000 USD :-/
- 2010. Excluded from the AMTSO

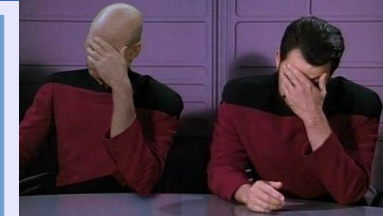


**Since correcting this error, many interesting and valuable researches have been made**





## I. AV labors and industry



### Summary

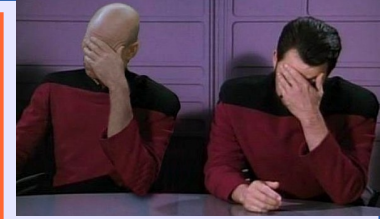
The NSS Labs Endpoint Security test (see above) was challenged by Sophos, AVG and Panda Security. The following conclusions were reached by the Review Analysis Committee, which compared [AMTSO's Fundamental Principles of Testing](#) to the above report. Principle 9, which relates to active contact points, was evaluated through interviews with the testing organization and the challenging organizations.

The principles and results are as follows:

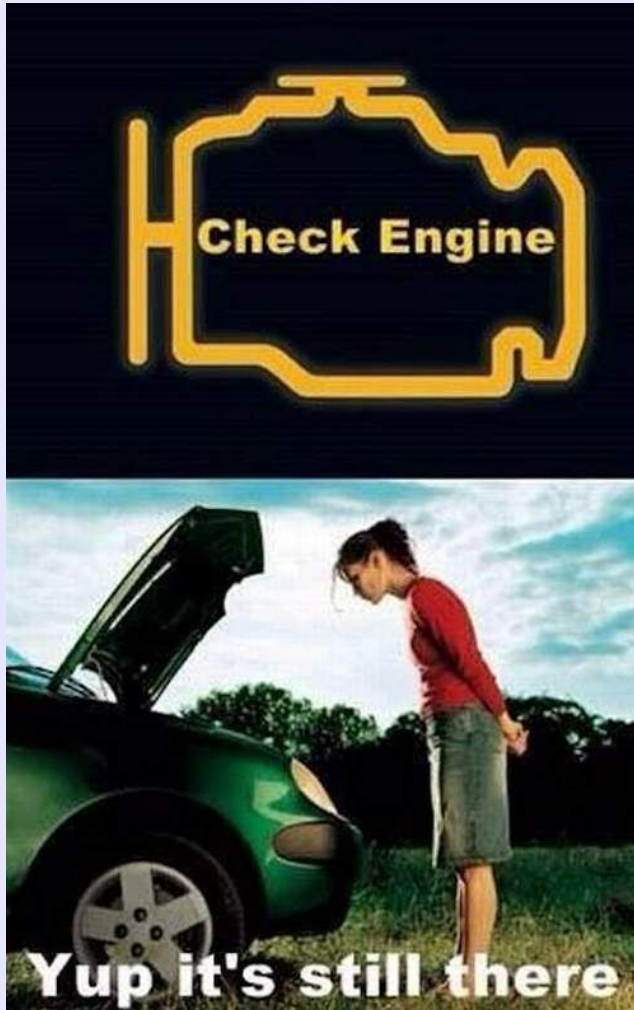
- ✓ 1. Testing must not endanger public.
- ✓ 2. Testing must be unbiased.
- ➡ ? 3. Testing should be reasonably open and transparent.
- ✓ 4. The effectiveness and performance of anti-malware products must be measured in a balanced way.
- ✓ 5. Testers must take reasonable care to validate whether test samples or test cases have been accurately classified as malicious, innocent or invalid.
- ➡ x 6. Testing methodology must be consistent with the testing purpose.
- ➡ x 7. The conclusions of the test must be based on the test results.
- ✓ 8. Test results should be statistically valid.
- ✓ 9. Vendors, testers and publishers must have an active contact point for testing-related correspondence.



## II. Users



# Neglect Servers updates

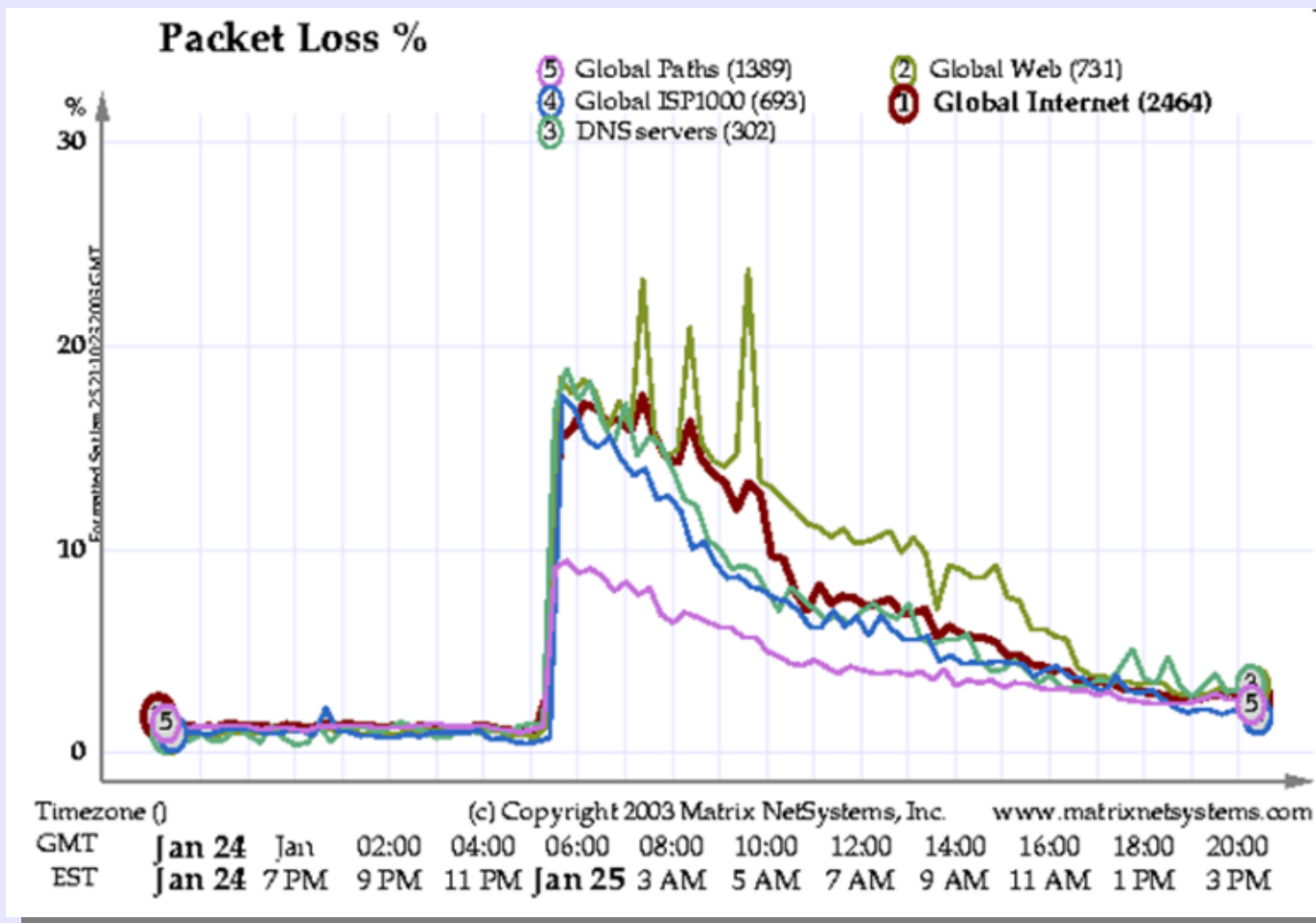


- 01.25.2003: SQL Slammer/Zaphire worm
- MS SQL Server 2000 vulnerability - buffer overflow
- The patch was issued in 2002 :-)
- WoooW! - Importance of Security updates
- „Flashworm”, no infected file, just in memory
- The AV-s there was no chance





## II. Users



- 90% of PCs were infected in the first 10 minutes
- It caused a damage of 750 million USD



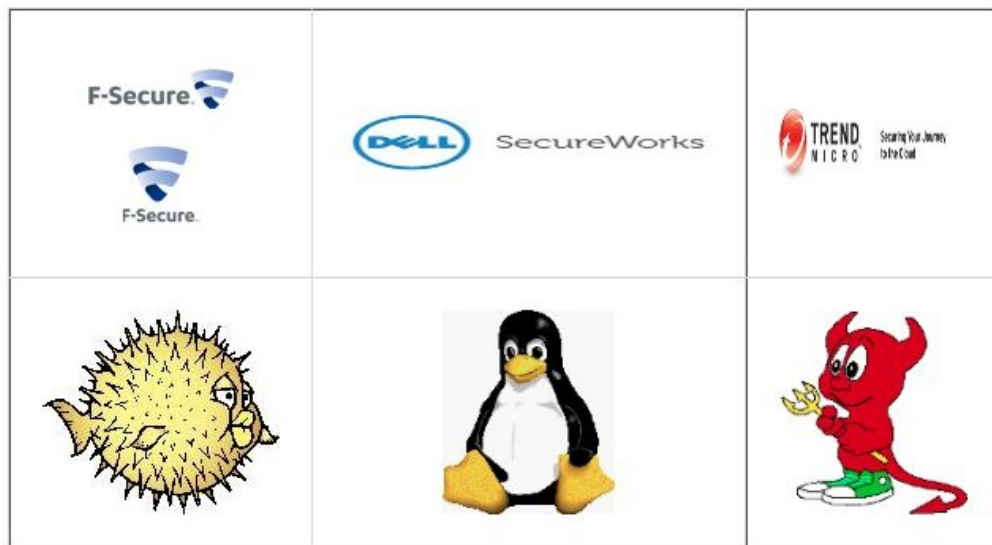
## II. Users



# Neglect Desktop updates

- 2007. Win32/Conficker network worm
- Microsoft Windows MS08-067 security bulletin
- Exploits RPC (Remote Procedure Call)
- Contacts with remote servers
- Modifies local HOSTS file - blocks AV webpages
- Still in Virus top10 in 2014

### Conficker Eye Chart

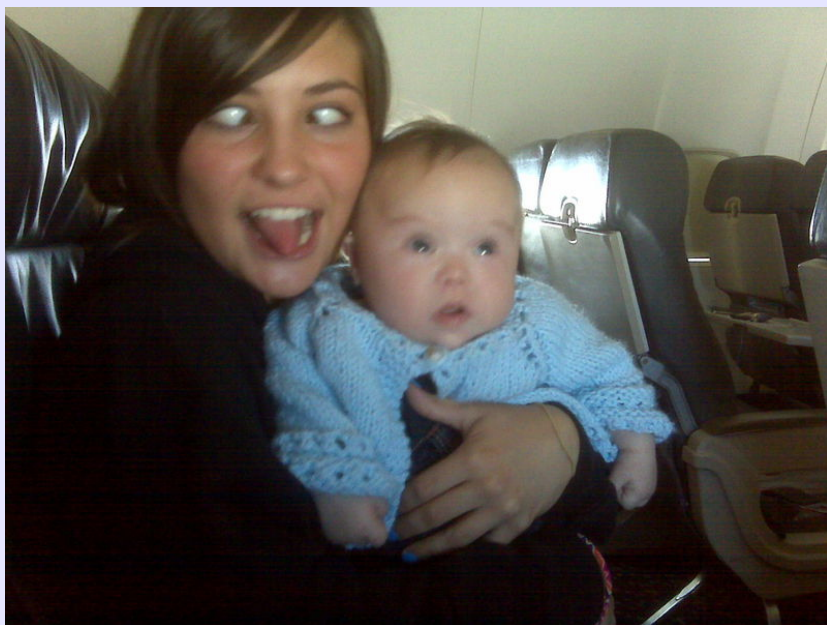




## II. Users



# PEBKAC



- Sept 2008 - Republican Senator Sarah Palin's Yahoo! mailbox was hacked and published
- NOT a virus, not a spyware, not a real hack, but a request new password trick
- The place and date of her birth was very easy to find out by searching with Google
- The "secret" security question: Where she met with her husband - in high school



- Do not protect our secrets with public information!
- 01.06.2009 - Weak Password Brings 'Happiness' to Twitter Hacker (Obama, FoxNews, etc.)





### III. Bad guys



## Capital bug in the GPCode



- 2008. GPCode – an old file encryptor ransom malware
- with strong, 1024 bit RSA encryption
- in the first PoC version it used simple deletion after encoding
- no overwriting, no wiping
- security specialist published it
- after a few weeks the bad guys corrected the mistake



### III. Bad guys



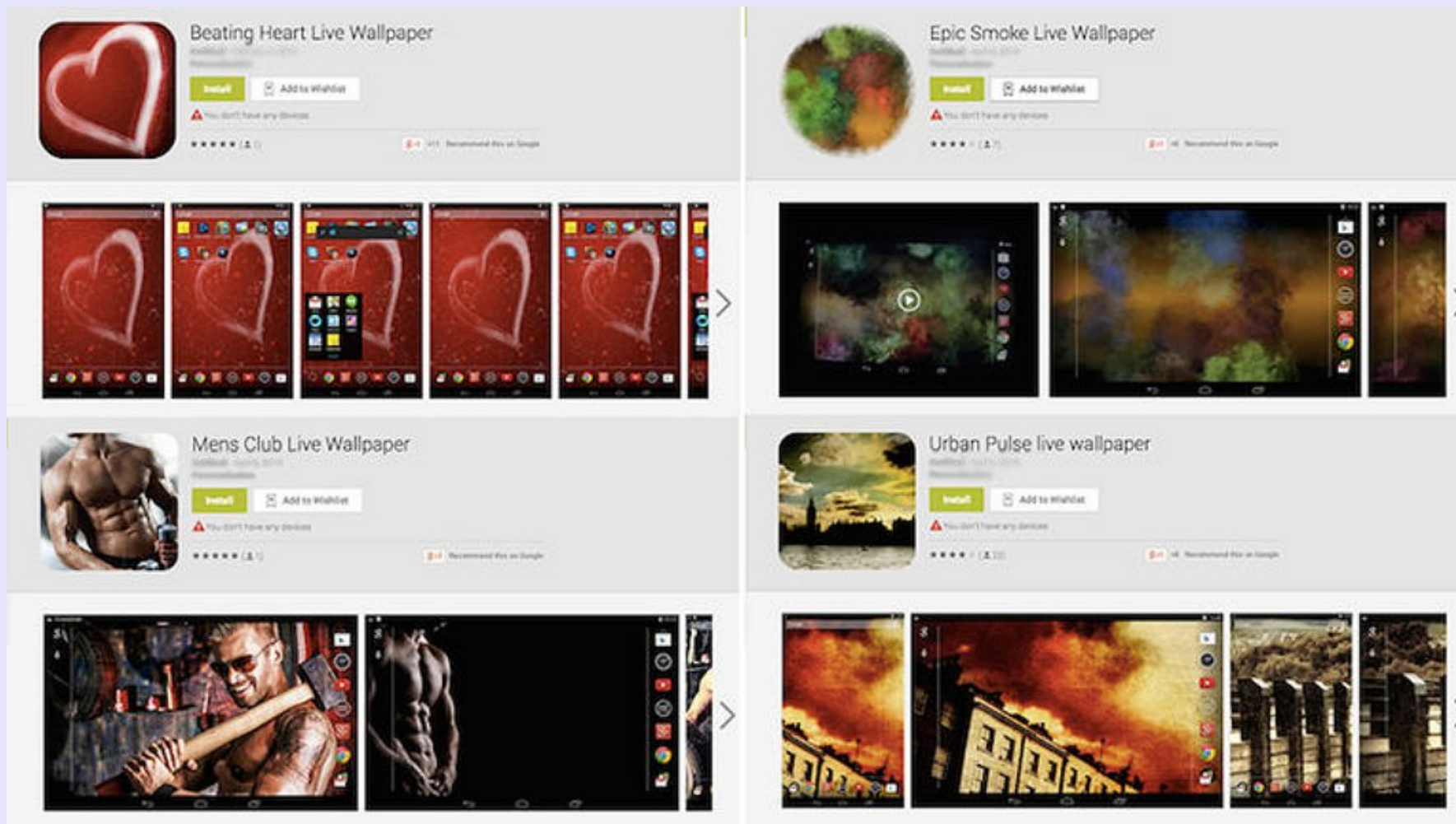
## A plan without brain

- April 2014.: Bitcoin miner malware on the Google Play
- Bitcoin miner malware is a good idea on PCs, it generates significant revenue
- in a 2 mill. network 58,000 USD/day, 1.7 million USD/month (416 mHUF/month)
- But is it worth to run a zombinetwork on a weak Android hardware? (No :-)
- due to serious battery problems the trojan can only run in connected mode
- Checks the battery level in every 5th seconds
- Battery over 50% + connected to power + active screen turned off = Bitcoin mining
- being detected due to the rapid warming and the shortened battery time
- Dodgy, but the author certainly did not think it through
- **bad and VERY SLOW idea :-)**





### III. Bad guys



Bitcoin miner malware on the Google Play



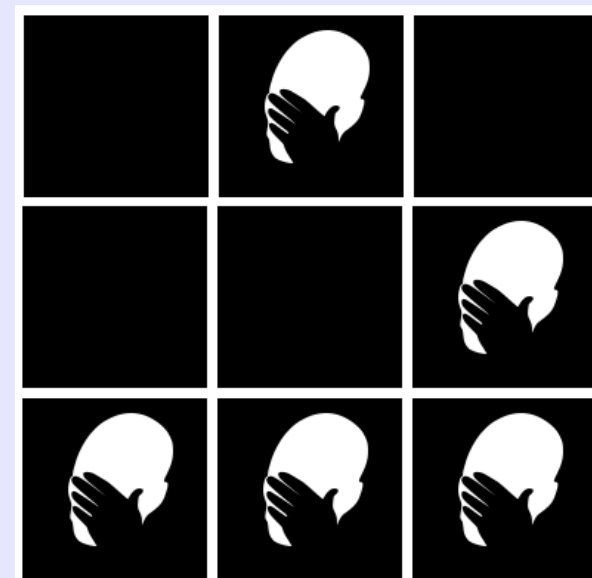


### III. Bad guys



## Capital bug in the SimpLocker

- June 2014: Simplocker, the first encryption ransom malware on Android
- Reads the entire contents of the SD card, and then encrypts the data
- Restores only after the ransom was paid
- AES encoded files
- Encrypts all jpeg, jpg, png, bmp, gif, pdf, doc, docx, txt, avi, mkv, 3gp and mp4 files
- Demands ransom in Hrivnya (Ukrainian currency) in Russian language
- The C&C server registered via TOR .onion domain
- No Cryptolocker-like field for entering a payment code
- The remote C&C server will wait for the actual payment to unlock your device
- Fortunately, encryption did not happen to be perfect
- The decoding passwords were stored as fixed constants :-)





### III. Bad guys



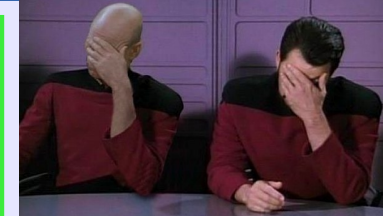
```
AesCrypt: decrypt()
1  public void decrypt(String paramString1, String paramString2)
2      throws Exception
3  {
4      FileInputStream localFileInputStream = new FileInputStream(paramSt
5      FileOutputStream localFileOutputStream = new FileOutputStream(para
6      this.cipher.init(2, this.key, this.spec);
7      CipherInputStream localCipherInputStream = new CipherInputStream(l
8      byte[] arrayOfByte = new byte[8];
9      while (true)
10     {
11         int i = localCipherInputStream.read(arrayOfByte);
12         if (i == -1)
13         {
14             localFileOutputStream.flush();
15             localFileOutputStream.close();
16             localCipherInputStream.close();
17             return;
18         }
19         localFileOutputStream.write(arrayOfByte, 0, i);
20     }
21 }
```

Lines 4 and 5 create variables used for the file input and output. Line 6 initialises the cipher (to encrypt data). Line 7 is where the encryption occurs and line 19 writes the encrypted bytes to the output file.

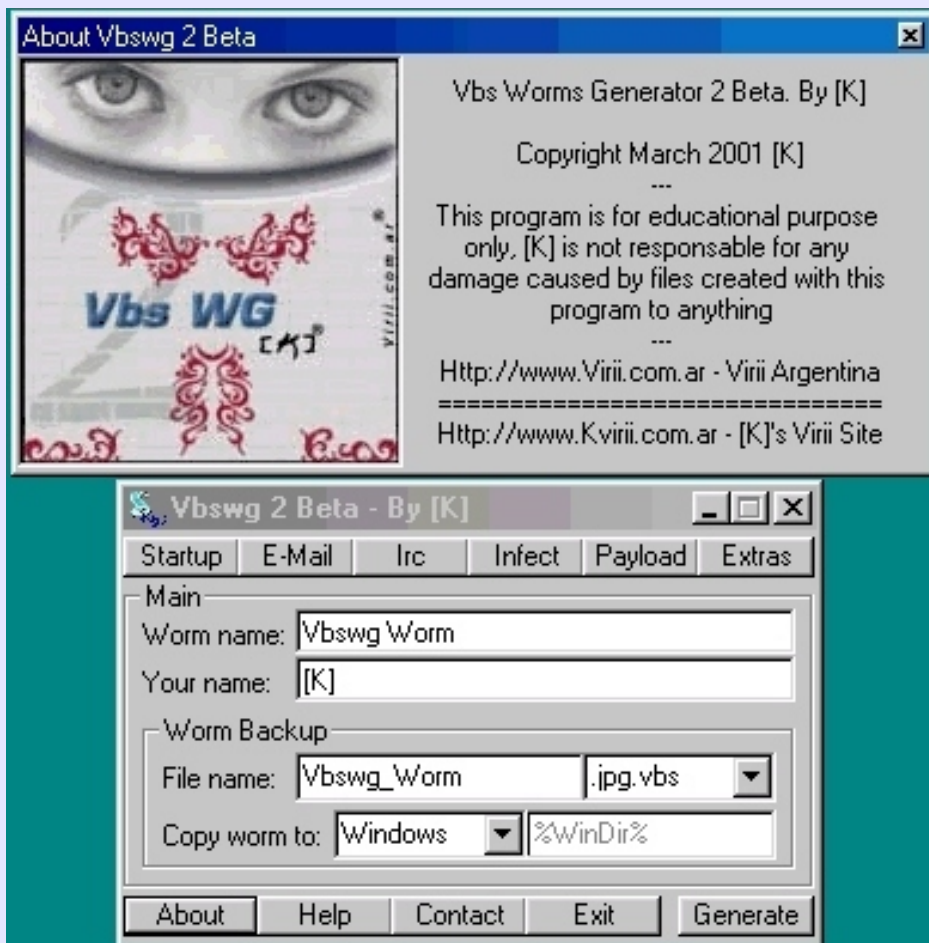
- The AV vendors offer decryption tools, scripts
- July 2014: SimpLocker 2.0 - ZIP, 7z and RAR



## IV. OS and Application developers

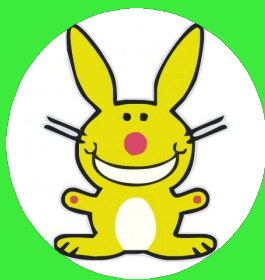


# 1995. Microsoft – Macro viruses I.



- 1995, the first macro viruses on Office 95
- The auto macros ran by default until 2000
- „Shifted” method, and was left open for 6 years
- The MS did not help, did not share the file structure info with AV vendors
- They had to debug and analyze office structure
- Easy way to make a lot of new variants
- Mass appearance of VBS Wormgenerator kits





## IV. OS and Application developers



### 1997. Microsoft – Macro viruses II.

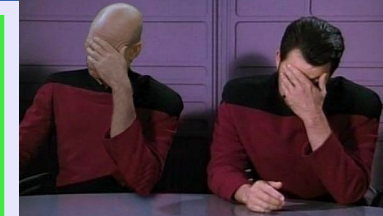
- Only a few – dozen – detections in the macro protection of Office 97 pack
- Unfortunately it was missing in the beta version, there was no protection at all :-(
- Initial macros were written in Word Basic, later made by Visual Basic for Applications
- They AUTOMATICALLY converted all WB macros into VBA macros in the Office documents
- previously there was only one macro virus version - for example Wazzu.A
- But „thanks” for the autoconversion, a huge amount of minor versions were born because of the different languages alone
- The number of macro viruses increased sharply :-O

*(The "Pros" and "Cons" of WordBasic Virus Upconversion - by Vesselin Bontchev)*

The Meat Grinder virus - Thanks to Kermit the Frog,  
and Kermit the Protocol

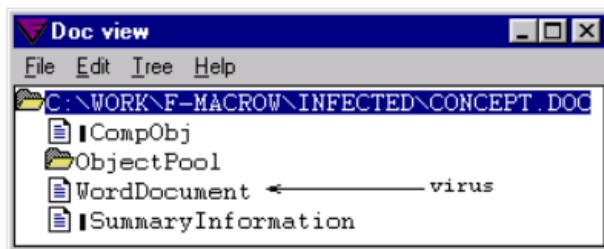


## IV. OS and Application developers

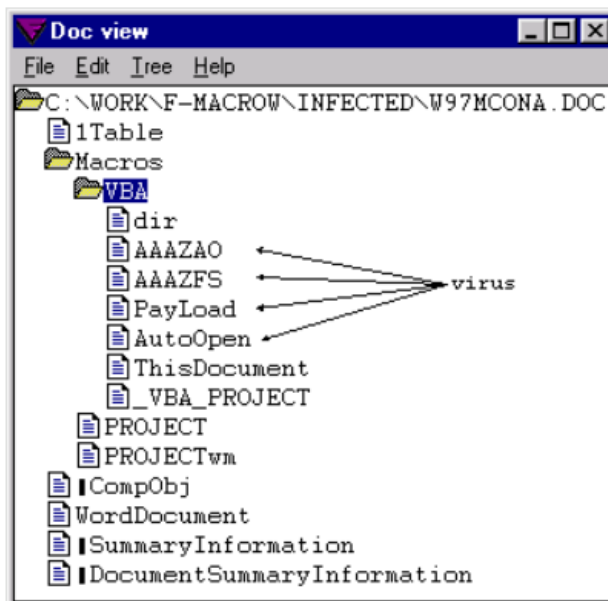


# 2014. Microsoft – Macro viruses III.

WM/Concept.A:



W97M/Concept.A:

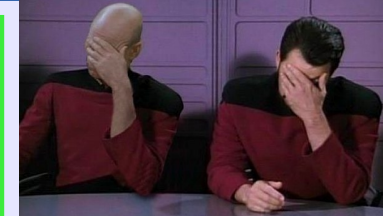


## EPILOGUE

- Summer of 2014: Malicious macros came back, ex. Office files spam
- „invoice”, „parcel delivery”, „court summon”, etc.
- „please switch on the running of Macros” trick :-)
- from June to July the proportion of VBS worms increased from 6% to 28% (Sophos Lab)



## IV. OS and Application developers

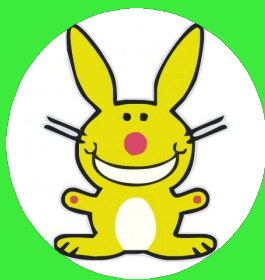


# 1999. MS Outlook Express quick preview

- 1999. KAK worm infected PCs via Outlook Express automatic mail preview
- It ran the Javascript code without opening the the mail
- 2004. After 6 years, the XP SP2 put an end to it



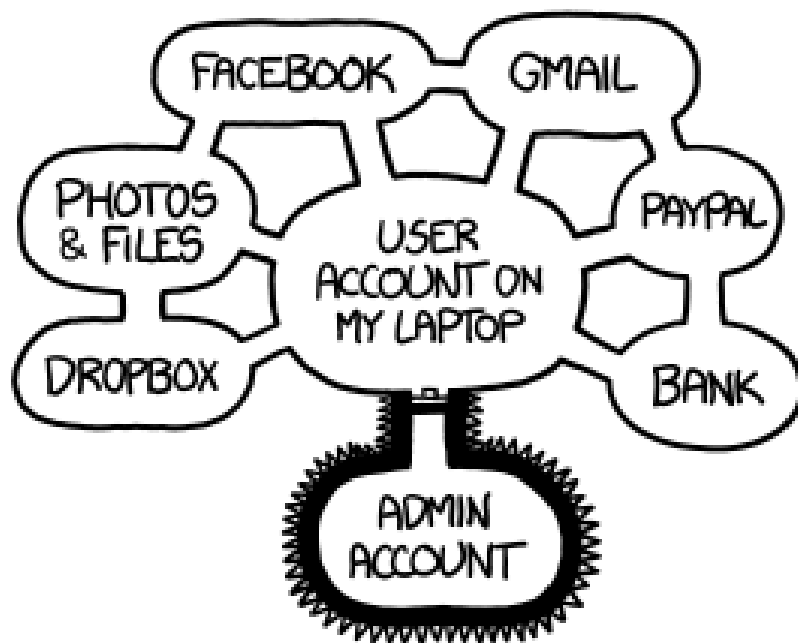




## IV. OS and Application developers



### 2001. Microsoft - Admin rights

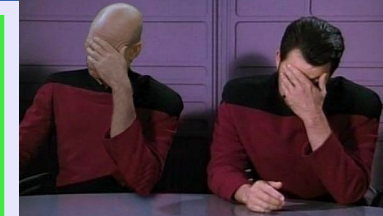


IF SOMEONE STEALS MY LAPTOP WHILE I'M LOGGED IN, THEY CAN READ MY EMAIL, TAKE MY MONEY, AND IMPERSONATE ME TO MY FRIENDS, BUT AT LEAST THEY CAN'T INSTALL DRIVERS WITHOUT MY PERMISSION.

- 2001. XP admin rights by default
- Vista (2007) introduced UAC
- It was left open for 6 years
- DropMyRights utility



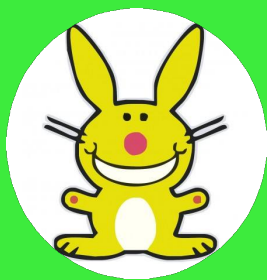
## IV. OS and Application developers



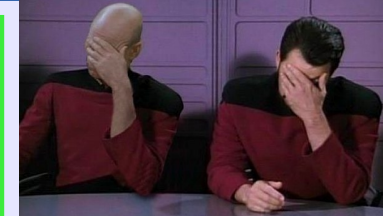
# 2001. Microsoft – hidden file extensions



- 2001. XP hide extensions for known file types by default
- 2014. Windows 8 also hides them
- It's a bad idea – ex. malwares
- LOVELETTER 2000:  
„Love-letter-for-you.TXT.VBS”
- Kournikova worm Februray 2001:  
„AnnaKournikova.jpg.vbs”
- Also recommended on OS X  
Macintosh



## IV. OS and Application developers

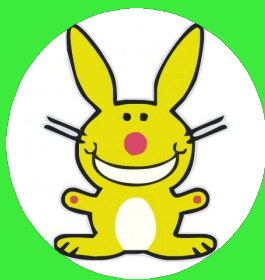


### 2007. Microsoft - Autorun

- June 2007.: The very first Autorun virus detection
- Fixing autorun could have prevented it, if MS had cared as much as about WGA (Windows Genuine Advantage)
- February 2011. - MS finally issued the Autorun disabling fix
- It had been vulnerable for 5 years
- „It has been injured the user comfort...”
- Still, many users have not updated yet  
Ex. illegal Windows copies, laziness, etc.







## IV. OS and Application developers



# 2013. Microsoft - JAVA

**InfoWorld**

CHANNELS App Dev Applications Big Data Cloud Computing Consumerization

News Blogs Test Center Technologies Tech Watch White Papers

JANUARY 22, 2013

### Disabling Java in Internet Explorer: No easy task

Firefox, Chrome, and Safari let you. But short of a complex, CERT-documented process, there's no reliable way to disable Java in IE

By [Woody Leonhard](#) | InfoWorld

Follow @woodyleonhard

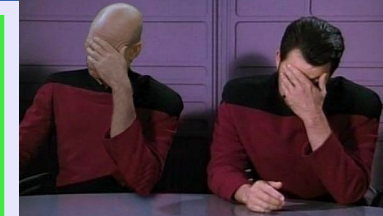
Print |

No doubt you've heard the news: Oracle released Java 7, Update 11 on Jan. 13. By the next day, exploits started appearing that took advantage of the Update 11 code. Last Friday, Adam Gowdiak, CEO of [Security Explorations](#), reported yet [another series of problems](#) with the latest version of Java:

- 2013. Need to disable Java plugin on Windows due to critical exploits
- Disabling works perfectly in Firefox, Opera, Safari and Chrome
- In Internet Explorer, disabling Java didn't switch it off
- Need a special registry Workaround (CERT)
- JAVA is important for CIB bank, CITI bank, Adobe Creative Suite 5.5, a CrashPlan PRO online secure backup, LibreOffice, etc.



## IV. OS and Application developers



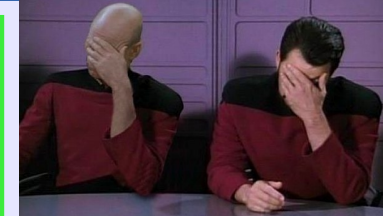
### November 2005 - SONY rootkit



- Rootkit copy protection (XCP) on the Van Zant music CD disc
- It generated unknown network Traffic to Sony servers
- It reported, who, when and from which IP address played the album
- Later different malwares could hide in the rootkit's hidden folder
- Accidentally revealed (Mark Russinovich, Winternals)
- First denied, but finally withdrawn




## IV. OS and Application developers




# OS X is Inherently a Safer Operating System

Why you'll love a Mac: [www.apple.com](http://www.apple.com)

2011 - "It doesn't get PC viruses" (Wayback Machine)





### It doesn't get PC viruses.

A Mac isn't susceptible to the thousands of viruses plaguing Windows-based computers. That's thanks to built-in defenses in Mac OS X that keep you safe, without any work on your part.

### Safeguard your data. By doing nothing.


With virtually no effort on your part, Mac OS X defends against viruses and other malicious applications, or malware. For example, it thwarts hackers through a technique called "sandboxing" — restricting what actions programs can perform on your Mac, what files they can access, and what other programs they can launch. Other automatic security features include Library Randomization, which prevents malicious commands from finding their targets, and Execute Disable, which protects the memory in your Mac from attacks.

### Download with peace of mind.

Innocent-looking files downloaded over the Internet

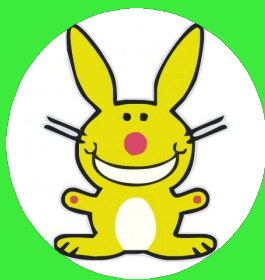
### Mac security features.

A Mac takes strong measures to keep your digital world as safe as possible.



Defense against viruses and malware	✓
Download alerts	✓
Automatic security updates	✓
Parental controls	✓
Antiphishing alerts	✓
Password Assistant	✓





## IV. OS and Application developers



# OS X is Inherently a Safer Operating System

March 2012 - Flashback botnet on OS X 600,000 infected zombie Macintosh (Java)

13.04.2012 - Flashback malware removal tool - Apple security update

26.09.2014 – Mac.BackDoor.iWorm 17,000 botnet, Reddit C&C

The screenshot shows the Apple Support website interface. At the top is a navigation bar with links for Store, Mac, iPod, iPhone, iPad, iTunes, and Support, along with a search icon. The main content area is titled "Flashback malware removal tool" with a download icon. Below the title is a circular image of a lion's head. The text describes the update, its purpose, and provides a SHA1 hash. On the right side, there is a "Download" button and a list of system requirements and supported languages.

**Flashback malware removal tool**

**About Flashback malware removal tool**

This update removes the most common variants of the Flashback malware. This update contains the same malware removal tool as Java for OS X 2012-003.

If the Flashback malware is found, a dialog will be presented notifying the user that malware was removed.

In some cases, the Flashback malware removal tool may need to restart your computer in order to completely remove the Flashback malware.

This update is recommended for all OS X Lion users without Java installed.

SHA1: d4372b9bb14387a20567817ab7e03ea103fdffc2

See <http://support.apple.com/kb/HT5246> for more details about this update.

See <http://support.apple.com/kb/HT1222> for information about the security content of this update.

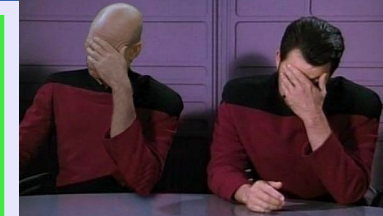
**Download**

**Version:** 1.0  
**Post Date:** April 13, 2012  
**Download ID:** DL1517  
**License:** Update  
**File Size:** 356 KB  
**System Requirements**  
OS X Lion without Java installed

**Supported Languages**  
Deutsch, English, Français, 日本語, Español, Italiano, Nederlands, Dansk, Norsk Bokmål, Polski, Português, Português Brasileiro, Русский, Suomi, Svensk, 简体中文, 繁體中文, 한국어, British English, Bulgarian, Croatian, Czech, Estonian, Greek, Hebrew, Hungarian, Icelandic, Indonesian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Macedonia, Malay Malaysia, Montenegro, Romanian, Shqip, Slovak, Slovenian, Thai, Turkish, Ukrainian, Vietnamese, العربية (مصر)



## IV. OS and Application developers



# OS X is Inherently a Safer Operating System

Why you'll love a Mac: [www.apple.com](http://www.apple.com)

2012 - "It's built to be safe"



### It's built to be safe.

Built-in defenses in OS X keep you safe from unknowingly downloading malicious software on your Mac.

### Safety. Built right in.

OS X is designed with powerful, advanced technologies that work hard to keep your Mac safe. For example, it thwarts hackers through a technique called "sandboxing" — restricting what actions programs can perform on your Mac, what files they can access, and what other programs they can launch. With FileVault 2, your data is safe and secure — even if it falls into the wrong hands. FileVault 2 encrypts the entire drive on your Mac, protecting your data with XTS-AES 128 encryption. Initial encryption is fast and unobtrusive. It can also encrypt any removable drive, helping you secure

### Mac security features.

A Mac takes strong measures to keep your digital world as safe as possible.



Defense against viruses and malware



Download alerts



Automatic security updates

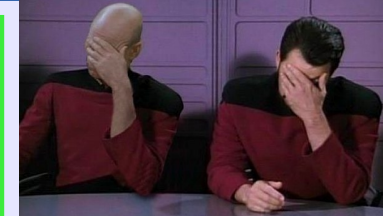


Parental controls





## IV. OS and Application developers



# OS X is Inherently a Safer Operating System

June 2012 - OS X Mountain Lion 10.8

- Automatic daily security updates
- Gatekeeper execution prevention technology

May 2013

- OSX/KitM.A trojan
- social engineering: please install me :-)
- valid Apple Developer ID associated with the name Rajender Kumar
- bypasses Apple's Gatekeeper
- If it passes Gatekeeper on first run, it will continue to run and never be queried again by Gatekeeper

OS X 10.8  
Mountain Lion



2012.07.25.

**Introducing Developer ID  
and Gatekeeper.**

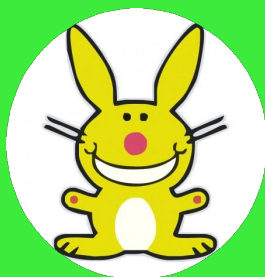
macs Application



2013.05.18.

**Introducing Rajender Kumar  
Apple Developer ID**





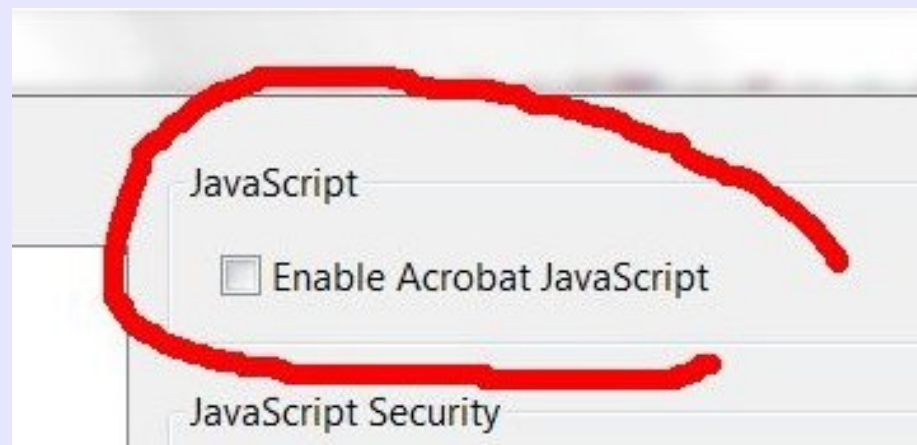
## IV. OS and Application developers



### 2008. Adobe Reader JavaScript



- 2008. The very first appearance of a Malicious JavaScript in a PDF file
- Allegedly the JS is necessary and useful in PDF interactive forms
- 2014. The JS is still on by default
- This has also been for 6 years





# Conclusion



**We may find eventually a new Award, something like Darwin Award.  
„Who messed up the most?”**

- the OS developers could patch the known vulnerabilities much quicker  
ex. OpenSSL, ShellShock, etc.
- the users could understand that the security awareness and the patch management are just as important as using AV
- the AV industry could make more effort to improve proactive capabilities

but the Bad Guys don't need to fix their dysfunctional ideas and defective codes ;-)





# Thank you for your attention!

[csizmazia.istvan@webwell.hu](mailto:csizmazia.istvan@webwell.hu)



Security awareness rulez :-)